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DIANNE COPPER MINE



Recommencement Project Soil Assessment

Report prepared for: Mineral Projects Pty Ltd

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTF	RODUCTION	
2. MET 2.1	HODS	
2.1	2025 SOIL SAMPLING PROGRAM	
2 DEC	ULTS AND ANALYSIS	
3. KES 3.1	2024 OBSERVATIONS AND ASSESSMENT	
3.1	3.1.1 General	
	3.1.2 Chemical Analysis	
	3.1.3 Erosivity Indicators	10
3.2	2025 REQUEST-FOR-INFORMATION ASSESSMENT AND OBSERVATIONS	
	3.2.1 General	
	•	
4. SUN	IMARY	15
5. REF	ERENCES	16
ΔΡΡΕΝΙ	DIX A – FIELD OBSERVATION	17
APPENI	DIX B – LABORATORY RESULTS	49
	LIST OF FIGURES	
	LIST OF FIGURES	
		_
Figure 1: Figure 2:	Location of soil sampling sites	5
rigule 2.	Mapped Soli types within the project site	0
	LIST OF TABLES	
	LIGI OI TABLEO	
Table 1:	Cation exchange capacity results against optimal range for plant growth (from Hazalton
Table 1.	2016)	
Table 2:	Soil chemical results.	
	LIST OF APPENDICES	
	LIST OF APPENDICES	
Annondia	A Field cheemistics	47
	X A – Field observation B – Laboratory results	



1. INTRODUCTION

C&R Consulting Pty Ltd (C&R) have been conducting environmental studies to support an environmental authority (EA) amendment application to the administering authority for the Dianne Recommencement Project to allow further development of the Dianne Copper Mine (DCM). As part of these works, C&R Consulting were commissioned to undertake a soil characterisation assessment of the site.

The following scope of works was outlined for this project in early 2024:

- Conduct soil observations at ten (10) locations across the site;
- Collect representative topsoil and subsoil samples at each of these ten sites for physical and chemical analysis; and
- Provide a brief analysis of results.

This report provides site context for the sample locations, soil logs, and a brief analysis of the chemical and physical characteristics of the soil samples.

In August 2025, this report was amended in response to a request for information, issued as part of the development process. Specific items to be addressed include the following:

- Provide soil type information across the site as a colour-coded figure and in accordance with the Australian soil classification (ASC) system (Isbell, 2021); and
- Provide information on the electrical conductivity (EC) level and toxicants such as metals and metalloids from the soil samples in the run-of-mine (ROM) area.

1.1 SITE SETTING

Limited soil information is available for the site. In the absence of detailed local soil mapping, and with the closest known mapping sites located more than 20 km away, the entire site is described as unit Fu25 in the Atlas of Australian soils 1:2,000,000 (Northcote et al., 1960–1968).

Fu25 comprises low to high hilly lands, closely dissected by numerous small streams (Northcote et al., 1960–1968). Some areas of high hills contain very steep slopes, and rock outcrop is common. The Fu25 soil unit is classified as a tenosol, characterised by weak pedologic organisation apart from the A horizons. Locally, the dominant soils are shallow, bleached loams with a conspicuous, bleached, non-calcareous A2 horizon, underlain by a carbonate pan.

The Atlas of Australian soils (Northcote et al., 1960–1968) characterises Fu25 as follows:

Dominant soils are very shallow, gravelly, bleached loams (Um2.12), with lesser areas of similar loams Um2.21, Um4.1 and Um4.21. Smaller areas of similar sandy loams Uc2 and Uc4 occur locally. Associated throughout the unit are areas of shallow, gravelly duplex soils, particularly on lesser slopes. The chief forms are Dy3.41, Dr2.41 and Dr3.41. In some valley floors, there are small areas of Dy3.43 soils. Small areas of basic volcanic rocks in the unit have deeper red friable clays (Uf6.31). At the northern margin, the unit may be capped by small sandstone mesas of unit Ca35.

Across the DCM site, ten locations were identified by the clients as areas of interest and are thought to be representative of the soils within the site and project disturbance footprint (Figure 1). These sites include areas of historical mine disturbance, creek edge, and moderate to steep slopes. Six additional locations were included in 2025 based on a request for information. Details of each site are provided in Appendix A.

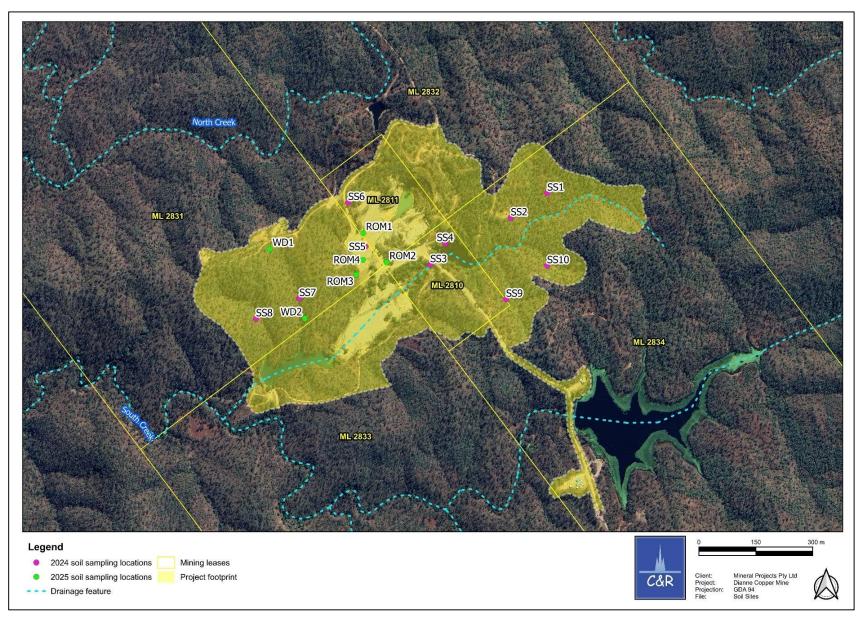


Figure 1: Location of soil sampling sites.



METHODS

2.1 2024 SOIL SAMPLING PROGRAM

The 2024 soil sampling sites (Figure 1) were collected in April/May 2024 and, depending on access and terrain, either a soil pit (dug using an excavator) or an auger hole (dug with a hand auger) was excavated. The soil profile was logged at each site, defining the texture and extent of observed horizons. Profiles were categorised into ASC groups. Representative samples of topsoil (a composite of any O, A or E horizons) and subsoil (B2 horizon) were taken. All samples were analysed by a National Association of Testing Authorities—accredited (NATA-accredited) laboratory for the following:

- pH and EC;
- Total soluble salts;
- Nutrients (ammonia, total nitrogen and total phosphorous);
- Cation exchange capacity (CEC) and exchangeable cations/anions;
- Exchangeable sodium percentage (ESP);
- Sodium adsorption ratio (SAR);
- · Dispersity (such as Emerson ratings); and
- Total organic matter.

2.2 2025 SOIL SAMPLING PROGRAM

The 2025 sampling sites (Figure 1) were collected in July 2025. At each location, a soil pit was excavated by hand to observe the surface soil horizons. These pits were dug to a maximum depth of 0.45 m and are located in both previously disturbed mine operation areas – described as waste rock pile or a ROM site – and undisturbed areas. Because of the nature of disturbance, profile development is inconsistent with a natural soil profile. Within disturbed areas, sample site material was collected based on the observed soil profile, including samples from the surface and the subsoil. All samples were analysed by a NATA-accredited laboratory for the following:

- pH and EC;
- Metals, including aluminium, arsenic, barium, beryllium, boron, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, selenium, vanadium and zinc;
- · Chloride: and
- · Sulphate.

The additional sampling program was completed to provide responses to request for information items as follows:

 Provide soil types information across the site as a colour-coded figure and in accordance with the Australian Soil Classification (ASC) system – Figure 2

Provide information on the EC level and toxicants such as metals/metalloids from the soil samples in the ROM area – Section 3.2.2.



3. RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

Field data, including soil logs for each site, are provided in Appendix A. Laboratory results for surface and subsoil samples from each location are given in Appendix B. The remainder of this section presents a brief analysis of the soils observed during this investigation.

3.1 2024 OBSERVATIONS AND ASSESSMENT

3.1.1 GENERAL

Most of the soil profiles observed as part of this investigation were natural profiles, with local disturbances confined to grazing and adjacent tracks. Site SS5, however, is highly disturbed by anthropogenic activity (i.e. historical mine works) and entirely altered. Thus SS5 is classed as an anthroposol.

All other soils have an A horizon of clayey loam overlying a finer-textured, light- to mediumclay B horizon. In most cases, coarse, angular to sub-angular metamorphic pebble fragments are abundant. These soils would generally be classed as dermosols, which have structured B2 horizons and lack a strong texture contrast between the A and B horizons. Each soil was classified in accordance with the ASC. Their distribution, as allocated under the ASC, was mapped within the project footprint Figure 2.

Because of the disturbed profile at SS5, its samples have in some instances been treated as outliers in the subsequent chemical analysis.

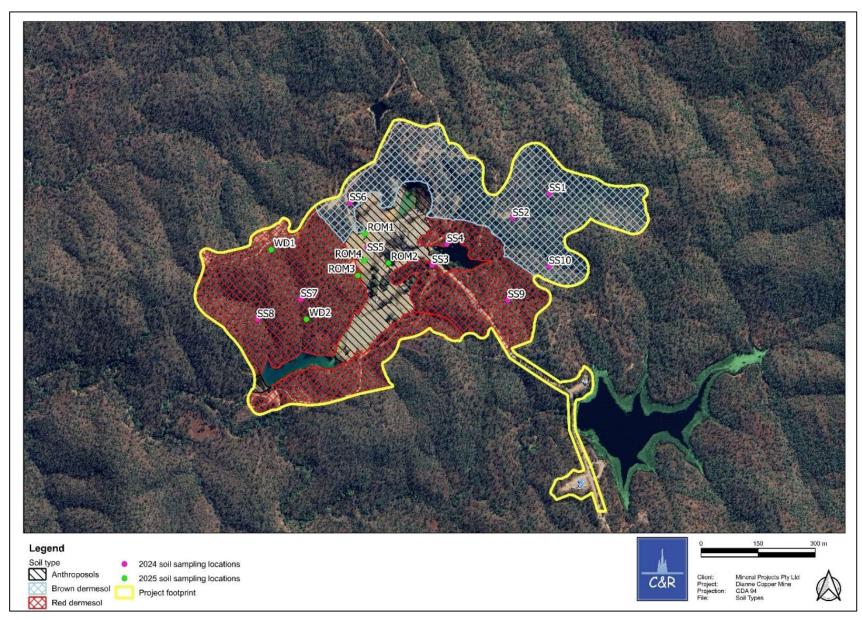


Figure 2: Mapped soil types within the project site.



3.1.2 CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

3.1.2.1 *pH*

The pH range of analysed soils and subsoils ranged from 4.1 to 8.9. Natural soils excluding the SS5 site were moderate to very slightly acidic (range 5.9–6.8). Subsoils were moderately acidic to moderately alkaline (5.9–8.9), although most samples (8 of 10) ranged from 6 to 7.5, which is slightly acidic to slightly alkaline. The SS5 surface sample pH (4.1) indicates strongly acidic soil. This sample is considered an outlier.

3.1.2.2 *Salinity*

Salinity levels are usually determined by measuring the EC of soil–water suspensions. Excluding the SS5 surface sample, EC for all samples ranged from 2 μ S/cm to 26 μ S/cm, indicating a very low salinity rating (defined as <70 μ S/cm; Hazelton, 2016). Adverse plant growth responses are unlikely in soils with this salinity range, even for sensitive plants. EC of the SS5 surface sample was 1,530 μ S/cm, indicating salinity levels typically too high for most plants.

3.1.2.3 Cation Exchange Capacity

CEC is the capacity of soils to hold and exchange cations. It provides a buffering effect to changes in pH, available nutrients, calcium levels and soil structural changes. As such, it is a major controlling agent of stability of soil structure, nutrient availability for plant growth, soil pH, and the soil's reaction to fertilisers and other ameliorants. A low CEC means the soil has limited ability to resist changes in soil chemistry resulting from land use.

The CEC of all the soils had a range of 0.8–12.6 meq/100g. This range covers a rating from very low to moderate (Hazelton, 2016). Surface soils have cation exchange values of 3.4–12.6 meq/100g, whereas subsoils have a cation exchange ranging from 0.8 meq/100g to 8.8 meg/100g.

The proportions of various cations (expressed as percentages) can be more relevant to plant performance than the absolute levels of each cation. Table 1 shows the desirable ranges for plant growth (as a percentage of CEC) for each major cation, along with the analytical trends measured for each.

Table 1: Cation exchange capacity results against optimal range for plant growth (from Hazelton, 2016).

Cation	Optimal range	Analytical findings
Calcium	65–80%	 Values for all soils range from 2% to 71%; and 3 of 20 soils are within the optimal range, consistent with the slightly acidic pH.
Magnesium	10–20%	Values for all soils range from 22% to 100%; andAll soils are above the desirable range.
Potassium	3–8%	All soils range from 0% to 5.6%; and6 of 20 soils are within the optimal range.
Sodium	<1%	All soils range from 0% to 5%; and3 of 20 samples are within the optimal range.
Aluminium	<1%	 All soils range from 0% to 46%; 15 of 20 samples are within optimal range; and SS6 subsoil is 39%; SS8 subsoil is 46%.



3.1.2.4 *Nutrients*

Assessment of nutrient requirements is generally tailored to a specific land use outcome. As these are natural soils, they serve as a baseline for the region and for any future remedial works associated with likely project activities. The following is a summary of the nutrient levels found in the tested soils:

- Ammonia: below the limit of reporting (LOR; <20 mg/kg) for all tested soils.
- Nitrite: below the LOR (<0.1 mg/kg) for all tested soils.
- Nitrate: a range of <0.1–0.5 mg/kg.
 - Five of the ten surface samples were at or below the LOR; and
 - Six of the ten sub-surface samples were at or below the LOR.
- Total nitrogen: a range of 220–2,770 mg/kg in surface samples and 60–80 mg/kg in subsurface samples. This may indicate that nitrogen cycling in the subsoils is somewhat limited, although nitrogen levels are considered low in both surface and sub-surface layers.
- Total phosphorus: a range of 70–226 mg/kg in surface soils and 35–266 mg/kg in subsoils.
- Organic matter: a range of 0.7–8.4% in surface soils and <0.5–1.7% in subsoils.
 - Three (SS4, 5 and 6) of the four surface samples that recorded a low proportion (<1.5%) of organic matter are in areas disturbed by historical mining activities. The other six samples returned higher values, with one in the moderate range (1.5–2.5%) and five in the high range (above 2.5%). Typical of subsoils, the organic matter is considerably lower, with three samples in the moderate range and the remaining seven in the low range.

3.1.3 EROSIVITY INDICATORS

3.1.3.1 Emerson Aggregate Test

The Emerson aggregate test measures the susceptibility of soil to dispersion in water. Dispersion is the tendency for the clay fraction of a soil to separate into individual particles (colloids) in suspension. The test indicates the friability and structural stability of the soil, as well as its susceptibility to surface sealing under irrigation and rainfall. Soils are divided into eight classes based on the coherence of soil aggregates in water. For further information on the Emerson classes and aggregate test methodology, see https://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/soils/testmethods/eat.pdf.

For the purpose of this assessment:

- All surface samples were assigned an Emerson class of 7, indicating that no slaking occurred and the soils were subject to swelling.
- All subsoil samples were assigned an Emerson class of 7, except for SS1 and SS10, which were rated 5, and SS9, which was rated 3.

A rating of 5 indicates that slaking occurred in the natural aggregate, but minimal dispersion was observed. No dispersion occurs after the natural aggregate is remoulded to field capacity and then resubmerged. A 1:5 soil mixture was shaken for 10 minutes, left to stand for 5 minutes, and then assessed as either dispersed (class 5) or flocculated (class 6).

A rating of 3 indicates that slaking occurred in the natural aggregate, with minimal dispersion occurring after remoulding to field capacity and resubmission.

Based on the aggregate testing, soils with an Emerson ranking of

 7 present a low erosion risk and show good aggregate stability, with minimal to no dispersion when in contact with water



 .3 or 5 have a moderate to low erosion risk, with aggregates having a moderate risk of dispersion or slaking (the collapse of aggregates). whereas soils rated 7 present a low erosion risk.

3.1.3.2 Exchangeable Sodium Percent and Sodium Adsorption Ratio

The ESP measures the proportion of cation exchange sites occupied by sodium. Soils are considered sodic when the ESP is greater than 6%, and highly sodic when it is greater than 15%. Soils that are sodic are susceptible to dispersion and erosion. All measured ESP values were less than 6%, with the highest recorded value 2.2%.

The ESP has been replaced by the SAR in most standards of classification. For classification purposes, a soil is considered sodic if SAR levels are above 13. SAR values for all tested soils range from 0.17 to 5.23.

3.2 2025 REQUEST-FOR-INFORMATION ASSESSMENT AND OBSERVATIONS

3.2.1 GENERAL

The overburden stockpile (waste dumps 1 and 2) (WD1 and WD2) and ROM3 are similar to the natural soils described from the 2024 observations (Section 3.1). Generally classed as dermosols, these soils have structured B2 horizons and lack a strong texture contrast between the A and B horizons. In the analysis that follows, these soils are referred to as natural soils.

ROM1, ROM2 and ROM4 are areas that have been significantly reworked by historical mining activities and are therefore classed as anthroposols. In the analysis that follows, they are described as modified soils.

3.2.2 CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

3.2.2.1 pH

The pH of all analysed soils and subsoils ranged from 4.2 to 6.7. Natural soils were moderately to slightly acidic, with pH between 5.6 and 6.7. Modified soils had pH from 4.2 to 6.0, indicating moderately to strongly acidic conditions.

3.2.2.2 *Salinity*

Salinity levels are typically assessed by measuring the EC of soil–water suspensions. Across all sampled soils, EC values ranged from 1 μ S/cm to 259 μ S/cm.

In natural soils, EC values varied between 1 μ S/cm and 14 μ S/cm, which corresponds to a very low salinity rating (defined as <70 μ S/cm; Hazelton, 2016). In contrast, EC values in modified soils were more variable. The ROM1 site recorded an EC of 100 μ S/cm, indicating low salinity. ROM4 returned a value of 259 μ S/cm, indicating medium salinity. ROM2 showed a range of 6–21 μ S/cm, consistent with very low salinity.

3.2.2.3 *Metals*

The concentrations of metals from all samples at all sites are presented in Table 2. These results have been compared with the 2025 DCM receiving environment monitoring program (REMP) sediment quality objectives (SQOs) – derived from the DCM EA – and the default guideline values for toxicants in sediment from ANZG (2018). Although these values are not intended for this specific purpose, they are considered the most appropriate available for assessment. Health-based investigation levels were considered inappropriate, and ecological investigation levels are too broad and potentially not relevant to the site. In all



instances, the SQOs established as part of the REMP are more stringent and likely to be more relevant to the site. Historical sediment values have also been included in the evaluation.

Table 2: Soil chemical results.

			Natural profiles / background			Modified/disturbed soils				SQO		Historical			
Analyte	Units	LOR	w	D1	w	D2	ROM3	RO	M2	ROM4	ROM1	S	QO		ground nge
			WDS001	WDS002	WDS003	WDS004	WDS005	WDS006	WDS007	WDS008	WDS009	Low	High	Low	High
Chloride	mg/kg	10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	10	<10	210	<10	_	_	_	_
Aluminium	mg/kg	50	3,540	4,140	5,420	5,520	4,610	4,840	5,850	5,080	5,750	10,660	31,980	5,760	12,600
Arsenic	mg/kg	5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	5	<5	7	20	70	<5	7
Barium	mg/kg	10	50	30	60	50	40	60	80	30	50	_	_	_	_
Beryllium	mg/kg	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	_	_	_	_
Boron	mg/kg	50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	25	50	_	_
Cadmium	mg/kg	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	<1	<1	<1	1.5	10	<1	<1
Chromium	mg/kg	2	4	6	6	6	7	6	7	6	15	80	370	_	_
Cobalt	mg/kg	2	4	5	6	6	4	22	20	5	3	_	_	_	_
Copper	mg/kg	5	10	8	13	10	33	195	366	503	1,030	114	351	35	133
Iron	mg/kg	50	12,300	16,200	15,800	15,500	15,300	18,300	22,000	18,900	25,200	_	_	_	_
Lead	mg/kg	5	10	12	14	14	12	19	18	15	19	50	220	12	23
Manganese	mg/kg	5	321	169	346	232	243	348	300	86	99	202	608	152	239
Nickel	mg/kg	2	5	6	7	7	7	10	11	7	7	21	52	7	17
Selenium	mg/kg	5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	_	_	_	_
Vanadium	mg/kg	5	5	7	6	6	7	5	6	6	10	_	_	_	_
Zinc	mg/kg	5	15	15	26	24	25	241	211	68	150	200	410	29	63
Mercury	mg/kg	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	1.2	0.15	1	<0.1	<0.1
Sulphate	mg/kg	100	<100	<100	100	<100	110	210	<100	580	1,250	200	400	220	270

Indicates exceedance of SQO – low.

Indicates exceedance of SQO – high.

^{*}SQO extracted from Schedule C – Table 3 of the DCM EA, unless otherwise specified.



The following observations are highlighted:

- Copper in natural profiles ranges from 8 mg/kg to 33 mg/kg, which is below both the SQOs and historical background values. In modified profiles, copper concentrations span from 195 mg/kg to 1,030 mg/kg. All results are above the low SQO, with three of the four samples also exceeding the high SQO. All soil samples from modified profiles are above the historical sediment values.
- Manganese levels in natural soil profiles exceed the low SQO, except for the WRD1 subsoil (WDS002), which is below. In modified soils, ROM2 surpasses the low SQO in both topsoil and subsoil, whereas ROM4 and ROM1 fall below. Although some results are non-compliant with the low SQO, they are typical of those observed in tropical soils.
- Zinc concentrations in natural profiles lie between 15 mg/kg and 26 mg/kg, below both SQOs and historical background values. In modified profiles, values range from 68 mg/kg to 241 mg/kg. Both ROM2 results exceed the low SQO, whereas ROM4 and ROM1 remain below. All soil samples from modified profiles surpass historical sediment levels.
- Sulphate levels in natural profiles narrowly ranges from less than 100 mg/kg to 110 mg/kg, below SQOs and historical values. In modified profiles, concentrations extend from less than 100 mg/kg to 1,250 mg/kg. Except for the ROM2 subsoil, all results exceed the low SQO, with ROM4 and ROM1 also surpassing the high SQO and historical values.
- Mercury at ROM1 is 1.2 mg/kg, exceeding both the high SQO and background levels. All other mercury results are below the low SQO.
- All other tested analytes are below the low SQO.



4. SUMMARY

The information contained in this report and the associated appendices provides baseline data for the project and the broader region, and can serve as a reference point for future mine planning, operations and rehabilitation.

In 2024, ten soil sampling locations were assessed, with samples collected from both surface and sub-surface layers. Nine of these sites comprised natural soil profiles, whereas one (SS5) was of anthropogenic origin. With the exception of SS5, soils across the mine site were generally within nutrient and salinity ranges conducive to the successful growth of endemic plant species. Most sampled soils are not overly susceptible to erosion based on their physical and chemical properties.

In 2025, nine additional soil samples were collected from six locations, representing a mixture of disturbed and undisturbed sites. In both site types, salinity ranged from very low to medium. The maximum recorded EC was 259 μ S/cm, substantially lower than the 1,530 μ S/cm recorded in the 2024 SS5 sample. However, two disturbed profiles – ROM1 (100 μ S/cm) and ROM4 (259 μ S/cm) – had ECs substantially higher than any of the natural soils from either sampling round (maximum of 26 μ S/cm).

At disturbed sites, concentrations of copper, zinc, mercury and sulphate exceeded SQOs. Manganese concentrations were above SQOs at both undisturbed and disturbed sites.



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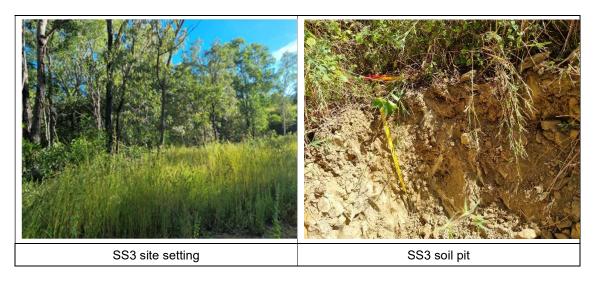
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Appendix A – Field observation

				Proje	ct description				
Projec	t name	DCM so	il assessn	nent	-				
Location	on	SS3							
		•			description				
Date		01.05.24	4	Observation type		Excavatio			
Site ty	pe			Observation clas	SS	Description	n and chemist	try	
01		11		Manuelantanianta		0			
Slope	tuno	Level NA		Morphological ty Landform eleme		Creek	ak at basa af v	vallav.	
Slope		Metamo	rnhic	Landform patter		Small creek at base of valley Alluvial/colluvial			
Geoloí	<u> </u>	Metanio	тріпс	Landioini patter	11.	Alluviai/cc	niuviai		
Runoff	F	Minimal	runoff	Depth to free wa	ater	Not encou	untered		
Perme	ability	Not reco	orded	Erosion					
Draina		Well dra		Microrelief type		None			
Disturb	oance		mount of	Vertical interval	(m	NA			
			nce next						
Dock		to track		Horizontal inte	(al (m)	NIA.			
Rock	n.	Not at s		Horizontal interv	rai (III)	NA			
Surfac		Hard se		Microrelief comp	onent	NA			
conditi	_		9	sampled:		" '			
Surfac	e	No coar	se	•					
coarse	;	fragmen	its at						
fragme	ents:	surface							
					egetation				
Comm	unity	Mixed ri	parian and	d woodland comm	unity				
name Stratu	m								
EDL	111	lophoste	emon	Erythrophleum o	chlorostachys	Eucalyptu	ıs cullenii		
		grandiflo		Liyamopinicamie	morostachys	Lucuiypia	o caneriii		
		Acacia s							
Lowes	t	Themed	la	Heteropogon trit	ticeus				
		quadriva	alvis		-				
	1	1 '6'			Soils				
			tion (ASC)						
Acidic,	mesour	opnic, red	dermosoi	; very gravelly	e morphology				
								Coarse	
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	fragments	
SS3-	A1	0	5	Greyish-brown	No mottles or	Light	Moderate	Absent at	
Surf				(2.5Y 5/2)	other colour	medium	2–5	surface	
					patterns	clay	mm .		
					mottles		subangular		
							blocky		
1	A2	5	12	Light	No mottles or	Medium	structure Moderate	Absent at	
	\^ <u>Z</u>		12	brownish-grey	other colour	clay	2–5	surface	
				(10YR 6/2)	patterns	l	mm	Carraco	
				,	mottles		subangular		
							blocky		
			L				structure		
SS3-	B2	12	40	Pale brown	No mottles or	Light	Strong 2–5	Abundant (50–	
Sub				(10YR 6/3)	other colour	medium	mm	90%)	
					patterns mottles	clay	polyhedral structure	angular metamorphic	
	1				Homes		Suddidie	rock	
	[(unidentified)	
								small	

							pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles (6–20 mm)
В3	40	80	Reddish- brown (2.5YR 4/4)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Medium clay	Strong 2–5 mm polyhedral structure	Abundant (50– 90%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles (6–20 mm)



				Proje	ct description				
Projec	t name	DCM so	il assessn	nent	<u>-</u>				
Location	on	SS4							
				Site	description				
Date		01.05.24	1	Observation type		Excavatio	n pit		
Site ty	ре			Observation class	SS	Description and chemistry			
Slope		Level		Morphological ty	/pe	Creek/dar	m		
Slope	type	NA		Landform eleme		Small creek at base of valley			
Geolog	ду	Metamo	rphic	Landform patter	n:	Alluvial/co	lluvial		
Runoff		Minimal		Depth to free wa	ater	Not encou			
Perme		Not reco		Erosion			sion from road	l disturbance	
Draina		Well dra		Microrelief type		None			
Disturb	pance	Moderat	_	Vertical interval	(m	NA			
		disturba							
		edge roa							
		cutting a	ina dam						
Rock		Not at si	te hut	Horizontal interv	(m)	NA			
outcro	n·	10 m no		Tionzontal interv	ai (III)	l INC			
Surfac		Hard set		Microrelief comp	onent	NA			
conditi		l lara so	9	sampled:	, o , i , i	' ' '			
Surfac	e	No coars	se						
coarse	;	fragmen	ts at						
fragme	ents:	surface							
					egetation				
Comm	unity	Mixed ri	parian and	d woodland comm	nunity				
name				I					
Stratu	m								
EDL		Lophost		Eucalyptus teret	ticornis				
		grandiflo							
Lowes	4	Acacia s Themed							
Lowes	L	quadriva							
		quaurive	aivis		Soils				
Austra	lian soil	classificat	tion (ASC)	1	Oolis				
				; very gravelly					
7 toldio,	11100011	эртно, тоа	dominocol		e morphology				
								Coarse	
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	fragments	
SS4-	A1	0	15	Pale brown	No mottles or	Sandy	Moderate	Absent at	
Surf				(10YR 6/3)	other colour	clay	2–5 mm	surface	
					patterns	loam	subangular		
					mottles		blocky		
							structure		
SS4-	B2	15	45	Light	No mottles or	Light	Strong 2–5	Abundant (50–	
Sub				brownish-grey	other colour	medium	mm	90%) angular	
				(10YR 6/2)	patterns	clay	polyhedral	metamorphic	
					mottles	loam	structure	rock (unidentified)	
								small pebbles	
								(2–6 mm);	
								few (2–10%)	
	1							angular	
								metamorphic	
								rock	
								(unidentified)	

							medium pebbles (6–20 mm)
B3	45	80	Reddish- brown (2.5YR 4/4)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Medium clay	Strong 2–5 mm polyhedral structure	abundant (50– 90%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles (6–20 mm)



Project description										
Project name	DCM soil assessn									
Location	SS5									
		Site description								
Date	01.05.24	Observation type	Excavation pit							
Site type		Observation class	Description and chemistry							
Slope	Level	Morphological type	Midslope							
Slope type	NA	Landform element:	Hillslope							
Geology	Metamorphic	Landform pattern:	Rise							
Runoff	Minimal runoff	Depth to free water	Not encountered							
Permeability	Not recorded	Erosion	Sheet erosion							
Drainage	Well drained	Microrelief type	None							
Disturbance	Highly disturbed	Vertical interval (m	NA							
	from mine									
	workings									
Rock	30 m to north	Horizontal interval (m)	NA							
outcrop:	west	NAC	NIA							
Surface condition:	Hard setting	Microrelief component	NA							
Surface	Common (50-	sampled:								
coarse	70%), angular,									
fragments:	metamorphic									
iraginents.	rock									
	(unidentified),									
	medium pebbles									
	to stone (6–80									
	mm)									
		Vegetation								
Community	Disturbed area no	vegetation present within mine we	orkings area.							
name			J							
Stratum										
EDL	NA									
Lowest	Bare									
		Soils								
Australian soil	classification (ASC)									

Australian soil classification (ASC)
Highly disturbed anthroposol

	Profile morphology												
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse fragments					
SS5- Surf	A1	0	17	Light brownish-grey (10YR 6/2)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Clay loam sandy	Moderate 2–5 mm subangular blocky structure	Common (10– 20%) subangular medium pebbles (6–20 mm)					
SS5- Sub	B2	17	35	Light brown (7.5YR 6/4)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Clay loam sandy	Strong 2–5 mm polyhedral structure	Abundant (50– 90%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small					

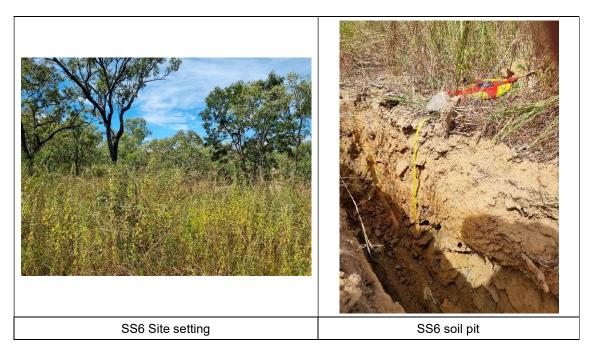
22

							pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles (6–20 mm)
B3	35	100	Brown (7.5YR 5/3)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Medium clay	Strong 2–5 mm polyhedral structure	abundant (50– 90%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles (6– 20 mm)



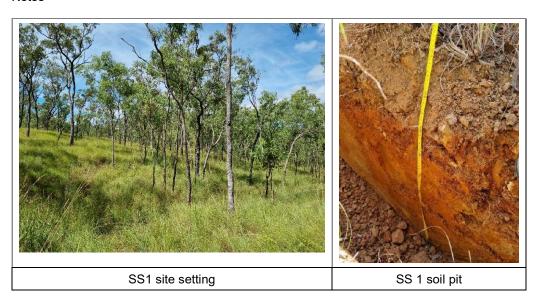
				Proje	ct description				
	t name		il assessn	nent					
Location	on	SS6		_					
			_		description				
Date		01.05.24	1	Observation type		Excavatio	n pit		
Site ty	ре			Observation class	SS	Description and chemistry			
01						Crest			
Slope	4	Level		Morphological ty					
Slope		NA		Landform eleme		Hillcrest			
Geolog	gy	Metamo	rpnic	Landform patter	<u>n:</u>	Hill			
Runoff	f	Minimal	runoff	Depth to free wa	ater	Not encou	ıntered		
Perme		Not reco	rded	Erosion					
Draina		Well dra	ined	Microrelief type		None			
Disturt	pance		nount of nce next edge.	Vertical interval	(m	NA			
Rock outcro	p:	None ob		Horizontal interv	ral (m)	NA			
Surfac	e	Hard set	tting	Microrelief comp sampled:	onent	NA			
Surfac		No coars	se	Carripiou.					
coarse)	fragmen							
fragme	ents:	surface							
				V	egetation				
Comm	unity	Eucalyp	tus woodl	and					
Stratu	m								
EDL		Eucalyp cullenii		Erythrophleum o	chlorostachys	Corymbia	clarksoniana		
	1	Acacia s		11-4	<i>u</i>				
Lowes	II.	Themed quadriva		Heteropogon trit					
					Soils				
			tion (ASC)						
Acidic,	, mesotro	ophic, bro	wn dermo	sol; very gravelly					
				Profile	e morphology				
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse fragments	
SS6- Surf	A1	0	5	Dark greyish- brown (10YR 4/2)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	loam	Moderate 2–5 mm subangular blocky structure	Absent at surface	
	A2	5	18	Pale brown (10YR 6/3) No mottles or other colour patterns mottles		Sandy loam	Moderate 2–5 mm subangular blocky structure	Absent	
SS6- Sub	B2	18	45	Reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Sandy clay loam	Strong 2–5 mm polyhedral structure	Abundant (50– 90%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular	

							metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles (6–20 mm)
B3	45	80	Reddish- brown (2.5YR 4/4)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Medium clay	Strong 2–5 mm polyhedral structure	abundant (50– 90%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles (6–20 mm)



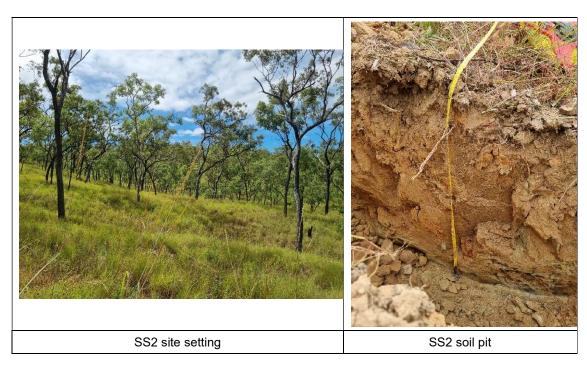
	Project description											
Project	t name		il assessn	nent								
Location	on	SS1										
		04.05.0	-		description	- ··						
Date		01.05.24	ļ	Observation type		Excavatio						
Site typ	pe			Observation class	SS	Descriptio	n and chemist	ry				
Slope		Steep		Morphological ty	/no	Midslope						
Slope 1	tyne	Concave	2	Landform eleme		Hillcrest						
Geolog		Metamo		Landform patter		Hill						
000100	<u> </u>	Wictamo	тртпо	Landioini pattori		1 11111						
Runoff		Minimal	runoff	Depth to free wa	Not encou	ıntered						
Perme	rmeability Not recorded		rded	Erosion								
Draina	ge	Well drained		Microrelief type		None						
Disturb	pance	nce Minimal		Vertical interval	(m	NA						
Deale		disturba		I I i t - I i - t		A I A						
	Rock None observed outcrop:			Horizontal interv	aı (m)	NA						
	Surface Hard setting condition:		tting	Microrelief comp sampled:	onent	NA						
Surfac		Abundaı	nt (50-	campica.								
coarse	_	90%), ai										
fragme	fragments: metamorphic											
	rock											
		(unident	ified),									
	medium pebbles (6–20 mm)											
	(6–20 mm) Vegetation											
Comm	unity	Eucalyp	tus woodl		egetation							
name Stratu												
EDL	111	Eucalyp	tus	Erythrophleum c	chlorostachys	Corymbia	clarksoniana					
LDL		cullenii	lus	Liyumopincum c	inorostacitys	Corymbia	Clarksomana					
		Acacia s	species									
Lowes	t	Heterop triticeus	ogon	Themeda quadri	ivalvis							
		tritiocus			Soils							
Austra	lian soil	classificat	tion (ASC)									
				rmosol; very grav	elly							
				Profile	e morphology							
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse fragments				
SS1- Surf	A1	0	5	Brown (7.5YR 5/3)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Sandy clayey loam	Moderate 2–5 mm subangular blocky structure	Abundant (50– 90%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2– 10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles				
	A2	5	30	Pale brown (10YR 6/3)	No mottles or other colour patterns	Clayey loam	Moderate 2–5 mm subangular	Abundant (50– 90%) angular				

					mottles		blocky structure	metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles
SS1- Sub	B2	30	60	Yellowish-red (5YR 5/8)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Medium heavy clay	Strong 2–5 mm polyhedral structure	Many (20–50%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm)
	B3	60	100	Reddish- brown (2.5YR 4/4)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Medium clay	Strong 2–5 mm polyhedral structure	Many (20–50%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm)



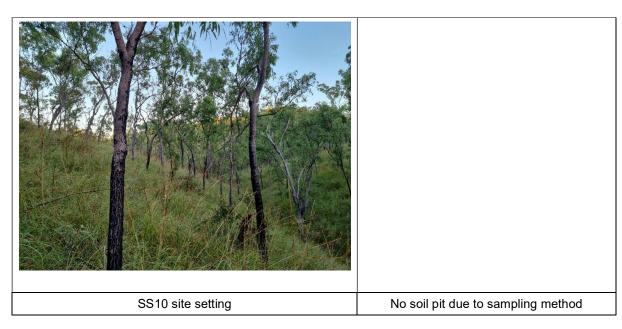
Project description										
Project	t name	DCM so	il assessn		<u> </u>					
Location	on	SS2								
					ite description					
Date		01.05.24	ļ	Observati		Excavatio				
Site typ	ре			Observati	on class	Description and chemistry				
Slope		Steep		Morpholog		Midslope				
Slope t		Straight		Landform		Hillcrest				
Geolog	ју	Metamo	rphic	Landform	pattern:	Hill				
D "	off Minimal runoff			5 " (Network				
Runoff				Depth to f	ree water	Not encou	ıntered			
Perme		Not reco		Erosion	f turn o	Nana				
Draina Disturb		Well dra Minimal	inea	Microrelie Vertical in		None NA				
Distuit	ance	disturba	nce	vertical in	tervar (III	INA				
Rock		None ob		Horizontal	l interval (m)	NA				
outcrop	o:	110110 00	001104	TIONZONIA	i iiitoi vai (iii)	10/1				
Surfac		Hard set	tina	Microrelie	f component	NA				
conditi	on:		3	sampled:						
Surfac	е	Abundar	nt (50–							
coarse	coarse 90%), angular,									
fragme	ragments: metamorphic		rphic							
	rock									
		(unidentified),								
	medium pebbles (6–20 mm)									
	Vegetation									
Comm	Community Eucalyptus woodland									
name	urnty	Lucalyp	us woodi	and						
Stratu	m									
EDL		Eucalyp	tus	Erythroph	leum	Corymbia	clarksoniana			
		cullenii		chlorostac						
		Acacia s	pecies							
Lowest	t	Heterop	ogon	Themeda	quadrivalvis					
		triticeus								
					Soils					
		classificat								
Acidic,	mesotro	ophic, bro	wn dermo	sol; very gr						
				Pro	ofile morpholog	У		Caaras		
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse fragments		
SS2-	A1	0	2	Brown	No mottles or	Sandy	Moderate	Abundant (50–		
Surf	Α'	U		(7.5YR	other colour	loam	2–5 mm	90%) angular		
Juli				5/2)	patterns	iodiii	subangular	metamorphic		
				0,2,	mottles		blocky	rock		
							structure	(unidentified)		
								small pebbles		
								(2-6 mm); few		
								(2–10%) angular		
								metamorphic		
								rock		
								(unidentified)		
	40	2	0	Dele	No we -441	C al	Modernet	medium pebbles		
	A2	2	8	Pale	No mottles or other colour	Sandy	Moderate 2–5 mm	Abundant (50		
				brown (10YR	patterns	clayey loam	z–5 mm subangular	90%) angular metamorphic		
				6/3)	mottles	ισαιτι	blocky	rock		
	l	l .	l	0,0)	HOMOS		DIOONY	1001		

							structure	(unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles
SS2- Sub	B2	8	32	Brown (7.5YR 5/4)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Sandy loam	Massive structure	Many (20–50%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm)
	В3	60	100	Reddish -brown (2.5YR 4/4)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Medium clay	Massive structure	Many (20–50%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm)



Project description											
	t name		il assessn	nent							
Location	on	SS10									
_					ite description						
Date		02.05.24	1	Observati		Soil augei					
Site typ	ре			Observati	on class	Description and chemistry					
Slope		Very ste	<u>en</u>	Morpholog	nical type	Midslope					
Slope 1	tyne	Concave		Landform		Hillcrest					
Geolog		Metamo		Landform		Hill					
000.00	Geology				puttern.						
Runoff		Minimal	runoff	Depth to f	ree water	Not encou	ıntered				
Perme		Not reco		Erosion							
Draina		Well dra	ined	Microrelie		None					
Disturb	pance	Minimal disturba	nce	Vertical in	terval (m	NA					
Rock outcrop	D:	None ob	served	Horizonta	l interval (m)	NA					
Surfac	Surface Hard setting condition:		tting	Microrelie sampled:	f component	NA					
Surfac		Abundar	nt (50–	Jan. prod.							
coarse	coarse 90%), angular,										
fragme	fragments: metamorphic rock		rphic								
			:f: a d \								
		(unident									
	medium pebbles (6–20 mm)										
	Vegetation										
Comm	unity	Eucalyp	tus woodl	and	_						
Stratu	m										
EDL		Corymbi	ia	Eucalyptu	s cullenii	Erythroph	leum chlorosta	achys			
		clarkson									
Laura		Acacia species Heteropogon		Themeda quadrivalvis							
Lowes	t	triticeus	ogon 	Themeda	•						
A	lian	alaaaifi. (i (100)		Soils						
			tion (ASC)) osol; very gi	ravelly						
ACIGIC,	wesour	טוווט, טויס	wii Deiind		ravelly ofile morpholog	IV					
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse fragments			
SS1	A1	0	5	Dark	No mottles or	Clay	Moderate	Abundant (50–			
0-				brown	other colour	loam	2–5 mm	90%) angular			
Surf				(7.5YR	patterns		subangular	metamorphic			
				3/2)	mottles		blocky	rock			
							structure	(unidentified)			
								small pebbles (2–6 mm); few			
								(2–10%) angular			
								metamorphic			
								rock			
								(unidentified)			
								medium pebbles			
	A2	5	12	Pale	No mottles or	Sandy	Moderate	Abundant (50–			
				brown (10YR	other colour patterns	clayey loam	2–5 mm subangular	90%) angular			
				6/3)	mottles	IUalli	blocky	metamorphic rock			
	L		<u> </u>	0/0/	เมอแอง	<u> </u>	DIOCKY	1001			

							structure	(unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles
SS1 0- Sub	B2	12	55	Red (2.5YR 5/6)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Medium clay	Massive structure	Many (20–50%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm)



				Pro	oject descriptio	n				
Project	name	DCM so	il assessn		•					
Location	on	SS09								
					ite description					
Date		02.05.24	ļ.	Observati		Soil augei				
Site typ	ре			Observati	on class	Description and chemistry				
Slope		Very ste	ер	Morpholog		Midslope				
Slope t	type	Concave	elower	Landform	element:	Hillcrest				
Geolog	ЗУ	Metamo	rphic	Landform	pattern:	Hill				
	D (6									
Runoff				Depth to f	ree water	Not encou	ıntered			
Perme		Not reco		Erosion						
Draina		Well dra	ined	Microrelie		None				
Disturb	ance	Minimal		Vertical in	terval (m	NA				
		disturba								
Rock		None ob	served	Horizonta	l interval (m)	NA				
outcrop:										
	Surface Hard setting				f component	NA				
	condition:			sampled:						
	Surface Abundant (50–									
coarse	1 - 7, 3 ,									
tragme										
	rock		ified)							
		(unidentified), medium pebbles								
(6–20 mm)			•							
Vegetation										
Comm	Community Eucalyptus woodland									
name										
Stratum										
EDL		Eucalyp	tus	Erythroph	leum	Corymbia	clarksoniana			
		cullenii		chlorostac		00//////01	orar noormana			
		Acacia s	pecies	0111010000	, -					
Lowest	t	Heteropogon		Themeda	quadrivalvis					
		triticeus	- 3 - 11	Themeda quaditation						
					Soils					
Austral	lian soil	classificat	ion (ASC)							
				; very grave						
,					ofile morpholog	IY				
СП	Han!-	l lene:	Lower				Ctrustura	Coarse		
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	fragments		
SS0	A1	0	5	Pinkish-	No mottles or	Medium	Moderate	Abundant (50-		
9-				grey	other colour	clay	2–5 mm	90%) angular		
Surf				(7.5YR	patterns		subangular	metamorphic		
				6/2)	mottles		blocky	rock		
				-			structure	(unidentified)		
								small pebbles		
								(2-6 mm); few		
								(2–10%) angular		
								metamorphic		
								rock		
								(unidentified)		
								medium pebbles		
	A2	5	15	Greyish	No mottles or	Medium	Moderate	Abundant (50–		
				brown	other colour	clay	2–5 mm	90%) angular		
				(2.5Y	patterns		subangular	metamorphic		
				5/2)	mottles		blocky	rock		
							structure			

								(unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles
SS0 9Sub	B2	15	60	Reddish -brown (5YR 5/3)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Medium clay	Massive structure	Many (20–50%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm)



SS09 site setting

No soil pit due to sampling method

Project description											
Project	name	DCM so	il assessn		•						
Location	n	SS07									
				S	ite description						
Date		02.05.24	ļ	Observati		Soil augei	ſ				
Site typ	ре			Observati	on class	Description and chemistry					
Slope		Very ste	ер	Morpholog	gical type	Midslope					
Slope t	type	Concave	elower	Landform	element:	Hillcrest					
Geolog		Metamo	rphic	Landform	pattern:	Hill					
Runoff	Runoff Minimal runoff			Depth to f	ree water	Not encou	ıntered				
Perme	Permeability Not recorded			Erosion							
Draina	ge	Well dra	ined	Microrelief type None							
Disturb	ance	Minimal		Vertical in	terval (m	NA					
		disturba	nce		·						
Rock		None ob	served	Horizonta	l interval (m)	NA					
outcrop	outcrop:				. ,						
Surface Hard setting			ting	Microrelie	f component	NA					
condition	condition:			sampled:							
Surface	Surface Abundant (50-										
coarse	1 - 7 3 7										
fragme	fragments: metamorphic										
	rock										
	(unide										
	medium pebbles										
	(6–20 mm)										
_	Vegetation										
Community Eucalyptus woodland											
name				I		I					
Stratu	m										
EDL		Eucalyp	tus	Erythroph		Corymbia	clarksoniana				
		cullenii		chlorostac	cnys						
		Acacia species		Themeda quadrivalvis							
Lowest	Į.	Heteropogon		Themeda quadrivalvis							
		triticeus			Coile						
Augtral	lian aail	alaasifiaat	ion (ACC)	.	Soils						
		classificat			a Uh.						
ACIGIC,	mesotro	opriic, rea	uermoso	; very grave		11.7					
				Pro	ofile morpholog	ly		0			
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse			
			7	Dork				fragments			
SS0 7-	A1	0	7	Dark	No mottles or other colour	loam	Moderate 2–5 mm	Abundant (50– 90%) angular			
Surf				grey (5YR							
Suri					patterns mottles		subangular	metamorphic rock			
				4/1)	mottles		blocky structure	(unidentified)			
							Structure	small pebbles			
								(2–6 mm); few			
								(2–0 mm), rew (2–10%) angular			
								metamorphic			
								rock			
								(unidentified)			
								medium pebbles			
	A2	7	20	Greyish-	No mottles or	Clay	Moderate	Abundant (50–			
	74	′	20	brown	other colour	loam	2–5 mm	90%) angular			
				(2.5Y	patterns	IOalli	subangular	metamorphic			
				5/2)	mottles		blocky	rock			
				012)	Houles		structure	(unidentified)			
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l	l .	l	Judoluic	(anachanea)			

SS0	B2	20	65	Brown	No mottles or	Medium	Massive	small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles Many (20–50%)
9Sub	52			(7.5YR 5/3)	other colour patterns mottles	clay	structure	Angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm)



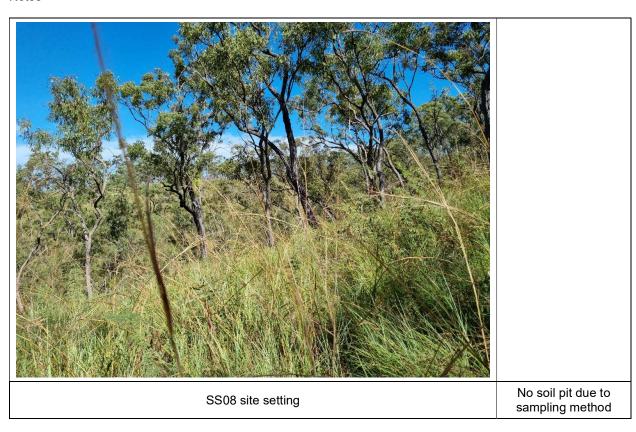
SS07 site setting

No soil pit due to sampling method

Project description											
Project	t name		il assessn	nent							
Location	on	SS08									
				S	ite description						
Date		02.05.24		Observati		Soil auge					
Site ty	ре			Observati	on class	Description	n and chemist	ry			
Slope		Very ste		Morpholog		Midslope					
Slope	type	Concave	lower	Landform		Hillcrest					
Geolog	ду	Metamo	rphic	Landform	pattern:	Hill					
Runoff		Minimal		Depth to f	ree water	Not encou	ıntered				
Perme		Not reco		Erosion							
Draina		Well dra	ined		Microrelief type None						
Disturb	oance	Minimal disturba	nce	Vertical in	terval (m	NA					
Rock	p:	None ob	served	Horizonta	l interval (m)	NA					
Surfac conditi	Surface Hard setting condition:			Microrelie sampled:	f component	NA					
	Surface Abundant (50– coarse 90%), angular, fragments: metamorphic		ngùlar,								
llagille	iilo.	rock (unident	•								
		medium	pebbles								
	(6–20 mm)										
Vegetation Vegetation											
name	Community Eucalyptus woodland										
Stratu	m										
EDL	111	Eucalyp	tus	Erythroph	leum	Corymbia	clarksoniana				
LDL		cullenii		chlorostac		Corymola	Ciarroomana				
Lowes	t	Acacia s Heterop		Themeda quadrivalvis							
		triticeus									
-					Soils						
		classificat									
Mesoti	rophic, re	ed dermo	sol; very g		<u> </u>						
				Pro	ofile morpholog	ly		0			
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse fragments			
SS0	A1	0	6	Dark	No mottles or	loam	Moderate	Abundant (50–			
8- Surf		· ·	G	grey (5YR 4/1)	other colour patterns mottles	iouiii	2–5 mm subangular blocky structure	90%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–			
42		6	40	Cupytink	No modules are	Clari	Madazete	10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles			
	A2	6	18	Greyish- brown	No mottles or other colour	Clay loam	Moderate 2–5	Abundant (50– 90%) angular			

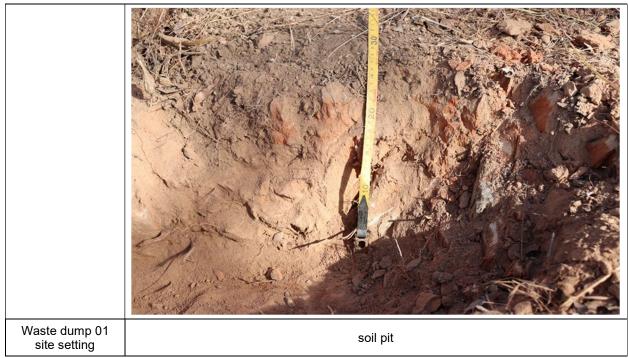
				(2.5Y 5/2)	patterns mottles		mm subangular blocky structure	metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm); few (2–10%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) medium pebbles
SS0 8Sub	B2	18	60	Pinkish- grey (7.5YR 6/2)	No mottles or other colour patterns mottles	Light clay	Massive structure	Many (20–50%) angular metamorphic rock (unidentified) small pebbles (2–6 mm)

Notes



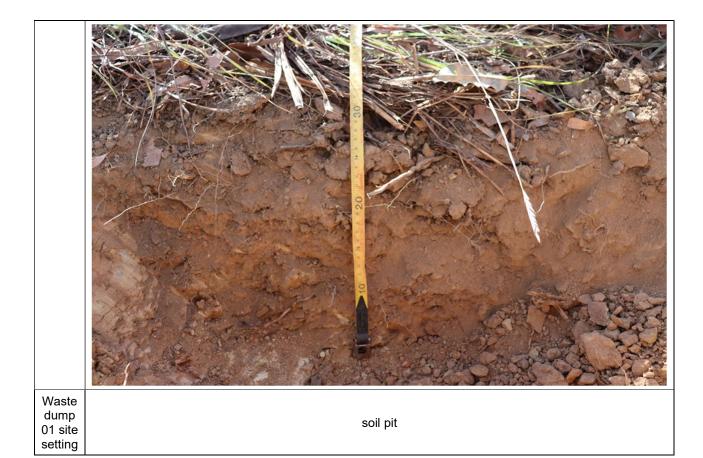
				Pro	oject descriptio	n		
Project	t name	DCM so	il assessn		<u> </u>	••		
Locatio		Waste D	ump 01 (234129, 82	18573)			
					ite description			
Date		5/07/202	25	Observati		Hand dug pit		
Site typ	ре			Observati	on class	Descriptio	n and chemist	ry
Slope		Moderat	e	Morpholog		Hill		
Slope t				Landform			art way up mo	
Geolog	ју	Metasec	ls	Landform	pattern:	Colluvium	/ talus on slop	e
Runoff	:			Depth to f	roowator	Not onco	untorod	
Perme		Not reco	rdod	Erosion	iee water	Not encou	intered	
Draina		NOLICO	iueu	Microrelie	f type	None		
Disturb		Near tra	ck	Vertical in		NA		
Diotaria	Janoo	historica		Vortical III	torvar (m	107		
		disturba	·=					
		nearby						
Rock		None ob	served	Horizonta	l interval (m)	NA		
outcrop								
Surface	_	Hard and	d rocky		f component	NA		
condition		A I I	+ /50	sampled:				
Surface		Abundar						
coarse fragme		90%), ar metamo						
llagille	:IIIS.	rock	ipilic					
		(unident	ified)					
			pebbles					
		(6–20 m						
		,	•		Vegetation			
Comm	unity	Eucalypt	tus woodl	and				
name								
Stratu	m			Front by some black man			 	
EDL		Eucalyp	tus	Erythrophleum		Corymbia clarksoniana		
		cullenii	nacion	chlorostachys				
Lowest	.	Acacia s Heterop		Themeda quadrivalvis				
Lowesi	L	triticeus	ogon	THEIHEUA	quaurivaivis			
		anaccas			Soils			
Austral	lian soil	classificat	ion (ASC))				
			sol; very g	ravelly				
					ofile morpholog	у		
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse fragments
WDS	0+	0	2	Greyish	No mottles or	Sandy	Polyhedral	Some metased
001	A +			brown	other colour	loam	<10mm	fragments
(surf	B1				patterns			
ace)					mottles			
NA/DO	DO							1
WDS	B3 -							Large - small
002 (sub	С	2	30	Brown	No	Sandy		saprock with minor soil
surfa			50	orange	110	loam		present
ce)								p. 000111
	1							1

Notes. very thin soil profile. O+A+B1 only a few cm thick maximum. Doesn't appear to be a properly defined B2 horizon, rther straight into B3-C Horizon of weathered meta sedimentatry saprock. Photos 4271 - 4275



				Pro	oject description	on			
Projec	t	DCM so	il assessr		<u>, </u>				
name									
Location	on	Waste Dump 02 (234227, 8218393)							
D (Site description							
Date		5/07/20	25	Observati		Hand dug		,	
Site ty	ре			Observati	on class	Description	on and chemis	stry	
Slope		Steep		Morpholo	gical type	Hill			
Slope	type	Steep		Morpholo Landform	gicai type		art way un m	oderate slope	
Geolog		Metase	de	Landform			/ talus on slop		
CCOIO	9 y	Wictasco	<u> </u>	Landioiiii	pattern.	Collaviali	i/ talus 011 310 ₁	JC	
Runoff	f			Depth to t	free water	Not encou	ıntered		
Perme		Not reco	orded	Erosion					
Draina			-	Microrelie	f type	None			
Disturb		Downslo	ope from	Vertical in		NA			
		old, fairl	y						
		disused							
Rock		None of	oserved	Horizonta	l interval (m)) NA			
outcro		111		NA:	.	NIA.			
Surfac		Hard		sampled:	f component	NA			
Surfac				Sampleu.					
coarse									
fragme									
					Vegetation				
Comm	unity								
name									
Stratu	ım								
EDL									
Lowes	<u>st</u>				0 - 11 -				
					Soils				
				Pro	ofile morpholog	αV			
0.11		Line					04	Coarse	
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	fragments	
WDS	O+A	0	5	Greyish	No	Loam	Polyheadr	Some fragments	
003	+B1		5	brown	INU	Loam	al <30mm	of metaseds	
(surf									
ace)				0					
	B2	5	10	Greyish		Loam	Polyheadr	Metaseds	
				brown			al <30mm		
	В3	10	30	Orange	No	Sandy	Blocky	Saprock and saprolite from	
		10	30	brown	140	Loam	DIOCKY	metaseds	
L		Ļ					<u> </u>		

Notes. Very thin soil profile, no well defined horizons. Photos 4276 - 4278

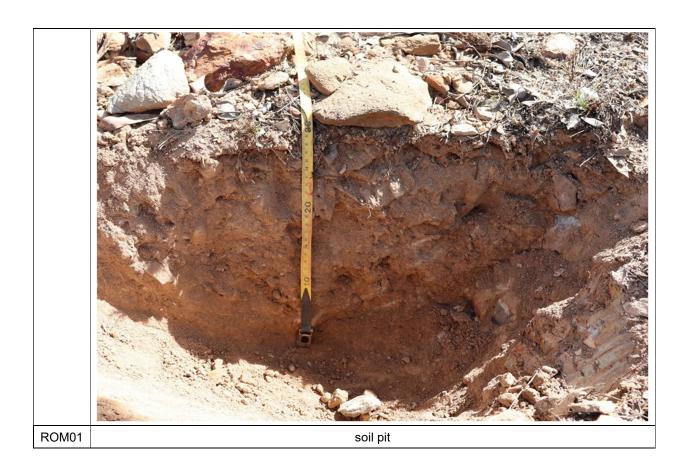


soil pit

41

				Pro	oject descriptio	n		
Projec	t	Dianne	Mine					
name				0040600\				
Location	Off	ROMU	1 (234374	, 8218622)	Site description			
Date		5/07/202	25	Observat		Hand dug pit		
Site ty	ne	3/01/202	20	Observat		Description		
Oito ty	<u> </u>			Openia		D C C C I P C C	211	
Slope		Nil		Morpholo	gical type	Historical	Waste pile	
Slope	type			Landform	element:	Waste ma Dianne M		sociated with old
Geolog	gy	Metased	ds	Landform	pattern:			
Runof					free water	Not enco	untered	
Perme		Not reco	orded	Erosion				
Draina			•	Microrelie		None		
Distur	Disturbance Downslope from old, fairly disused track		Vertical ir	,	NA			
Rock		None observed		Horizontal interval (m)		NA		
outcro								
	Surface Hard			ef component	NA			
conditi Surfac				sampled:				
coarse								
fragme								
g	<u> </u>				Vegetation			
Comm	nunity	Absent						
name								
Stratu	ım							
EDL								
Lowes	st				2 "			
A nather-	naal				Soils			
Anthro	pposoi							
				Pro	ofile morpholog	V		
0.11					·			Coarse
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	fragments
WDS 009	С	0	30	brownis h grey	No	Sandy loam	-	Waste material from old Dianne mine - mostly metaseds
	-						1	

Notes :Entirely in waste pile, no O, A or B horizons. Photos 4289 - 4292



				Pro	oject description	on		
Projec	t	Dianne	Mine		•			
name								
Location	Location ROM 02 (234438, 8218547)							
Date		06/07/20	025	Observati	ite description	Hand dug pit		
Site ty	ne	00/01/20	023	Observati		Description		
One ty	<u> </u>			Obscivati	011 01033	Description	211	
Slope		Modera	te	Morpholo	gical type	Historical	Waste pile	
Slope	type			Landform	element:	Waste ma	aterial pile ass	ociated with old
Geolog	ду	Waste F	Rockpile	Landform	pattern:	Slope nea	ar base of hist	orical waste pile
Runoff	f			Depth to t	free water	Not enco	untered	
Perme	ability	Not reco	orded	Erosion				
Draina				Microrelie		None		
Disturk	oance	Downslo old, fairl disused	,	Vertical in	iterval (m	NA		
Rock	p:		None observed		Horizontal interval (m)			
Surfac conditi				Microrelief component sampled:		NA		
Surfac								
	coarse							
fragments:								
Comm	unity	Absent			Vegetation			
name	idility	Abscrit						
Stratu	m							
EDL								
Lowes	t							
A 415					Soils			
Anthro	pposoi							
				Pro	ofile morpholo	av		
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse fragments
WDS 006	O+A	0	5	Brown grey	No	Sandy Loam	Polyhdral + Granular	Mine waste - metaseds + sed
WDS 007	С	5	20	Grey yellow	No	Sandy Loam	Blocky?	This is wase rock form historical Dianne Mine activity
NA	С	20	45	Grey yellow	No	Sandy Loam	Blocky?	This is wase rock form historical Dianne Mine activity

Notes: Entirely V thin </= 5cm of brown organic material + A horizon overlying old waste pile from mine. Photos 4282 - 4285



ROM02	soil p	oit

		Project description	on					
Project name	Dianne Mine	Dianne Mine						
Location	ROM 03 (234438	3, 8218547)						
Site description								
Date	06/07/2025	Observation type	Hand dug pit					
Site type		Observation class	Description					
Slope	Steep	Morphological type	Hill					
Slope type		Landform element:	Towards base of steep slope, down towards old waste rock pile					
Geology		Landform pattern:	Colluvium/ Talus					
Runoff		Depth to free water	Not encountered					
Permeability	Not recorded	Erosion						
Drainage		Microrelief type	None					
Disturbance		Vertical interval (m	NA					
Rock outcrop:	None observed	Horizontal interval (m)	NA					
Surface condition:		Microrelief component sampled:	NA					
Surface								
coarse								
fragments:								
		Vegetation						
Community	Sparse woodland	I						
name								

Stratu	ım							
EDL								
Lowes	st							
					Soils			
Anthro	posol							
				Pro	file morpholog	у		
S#	Horiz	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	Coarse fragments
WD S00 5	O+A +B	0	5	Grey Brown	No	Sandy Loam	Polyhedral to Granular	Metaseds
No sam ple	С	5	20	Grey Orange	No	-	-	Saprock. Insitu weathered metasedimenta ry rock

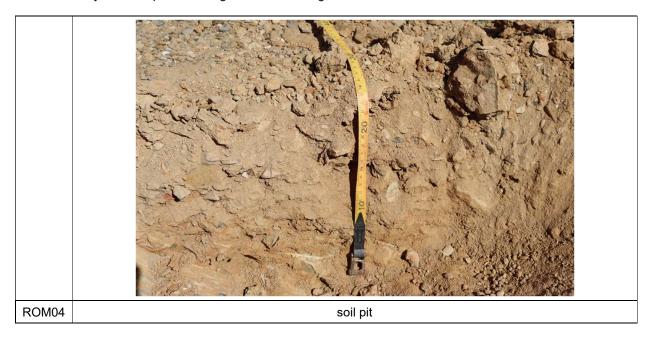
Notes: Very thin soil profile. O + A + B in one sample. Horizons not well defined and very thin. Photos 4279 - 4281



Project description						
Project name	Dianne Mine					
Location	ROM 04 (234375, 8218552)					
		Site description				
Date	06/07/2025	Observation type	Hand dug pit			
Site type		Observation class	Description			

Slope		Gentle		Morpholo	gical type	Historical Waste pile		
Slope	type	Landform element:		Gentle sl	Gentle slope			
Geolo	gy	Waste r	ockpile	le Landform pattern:				
Runof	-			Depth to	free water	Not enco	untered	
Perme	eability	Not reco	orded	Erosion				
Draina				Microrelie		None		
Distur	bance				nterval (m	NA		
Rock		None of	oserved	Horizonta	al interval (m)	NA		
outcro								
Surfac	-				ef component	NA		
condit				sampled:				
Surfac	-							
coarse								
fragme	ents:							
Vegetation								
Comm	nunity	Nil						
name								
Stratu	<u>ım</u>							
EDL								
Lowes	st				0 - !! -			
A 41					Soils			
Anthro	posoi							
				Dro	file morpholog	NV.		
	Hori			Pro	ine morpholog	ЭУ		Coarse
S#	Z	Upper	Lower	Colour	Mottles	Texture	Structure	fragments
Gent								Waste material
le								pile from old
slop	С	0	25	Brown	No	Sandy	l _	Dianne mine
e	ľ		20	grey	140	loam		activity. Mostly
								metaseds

Notes: Entirely in waste pile. Zero organic material/ veg, no A or B horizon. Photos 4286 - 4288



Appendix B – Laboratory results



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Contact : MR BEN CUFF

Address : 188 ROSS RIVER ROAD

AITKENVALE QUEENSLAND 4812

Telephone : +61 07 47253751

Project : dcm soils

Order number : ----

C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : BEN CUFF

Site : ---

Quote number : EN/222
No. of samples received : 20
No. of samples analysed : 20

Page : 1 of 11

Laboratory : Environmental Division Brisbane

Contact : Madison Forster

Address : 2 Byth Street Stafford QLD Australia 4053

Telephone : +61-7-3243 7222

Date Samples Received : 09-May-2024 07:40

Date Analysis Commenced : 09-May-2024

Issue Date : 22-May-2024 09:22



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Layla Hafner	Acid Sulphate Soils - Chemist	Brisbane Acid Sulphate Soils, Stafford, QLD
Layla Hafner	Acid Sulphate Soils - Chemist	Brisbane Soil Preparation, Stafford, QLD
Vincent Muller	Chemist - Inorganics	Brisbane Inorganics, Stafford, QLD

Page : 2 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : dcm soils

General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- ALS is not NATA accredited for the analysis of Exchangeable Aluminium and Exchange Acidity in soils when performed under ALS Method ED005.
- ALS is not NATA accredited for the analysis of Exchangeable Cations on Alkaline Soils when performed under ALS Method ED006.
- EK061G (Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen as N): Sample SS1-Surf (EB2415198-001) shows poor duplicate results due to sample heterogeneity. Confirmed by visual inspection.
- EK067G (Total Phosphorous as P): Sample SS6-Surf (EB2415198-011) shows poor duplicate results due to sample heterogeneity. Confirmed by visual inspection.
- ED007 (Exchangeable Cations): Unable to calculate Magnesium/Potassium Ratio result as required Exchangeable Potassium results are less than the limit of reporting.
- ED008 (Exchangeable Cations with pre-treatement): Unable to calculate Magnesium/Potassium Ratio results for some samples as required Exchangeable Potassium results are less than the limit of reporting.
- ED006 (Exchangeable Cations on Alkaline Soils): Unable to calculate Magnesium/Potassium Ratio results for some samples as required Exchangeable Potassium results are less than the limit of reporting.
- ED006 (Exchangeable Cations on Alkaline Soils): EB2414660-003 shows poor duplicate results due to sample heterogeneity. This has been confirmed by visual inspection.
- EA058 Emerson: V. = Verv. D. = Dark. L. = Light. VD. = Verv Dark
- ED007 and ED008: When Exchangeable Al is reported from these methods, it should be noted that Rayment & Lyons (2011) suggests Exchange Acidity by 1M KCI Method 15G1 (ED005) is a more suitable method for the determination of exchange acidity (H+ + Al3+).
- Sodium Adsorption Ratio (where reported): Where results for Na, Ca or Mg are <LOR, a concentration at half the reported LOR is incorporated into the SAR calculation. This represents a conservative approach for Na relative to the assumption that <LOR = zero concentration and a conservative approach for Ca & Mg relative to the assumption that <LOR is equivalent to the LOR concentration.



Page : 3 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : dcm soils

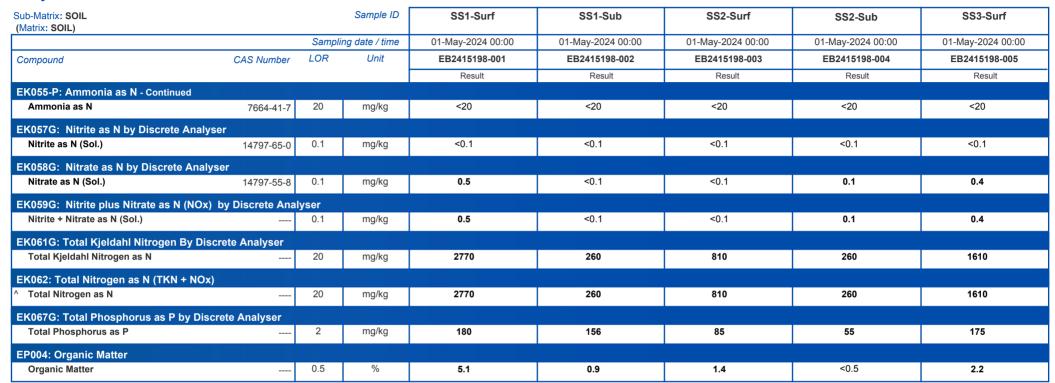




Page : 4 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : dcm soils

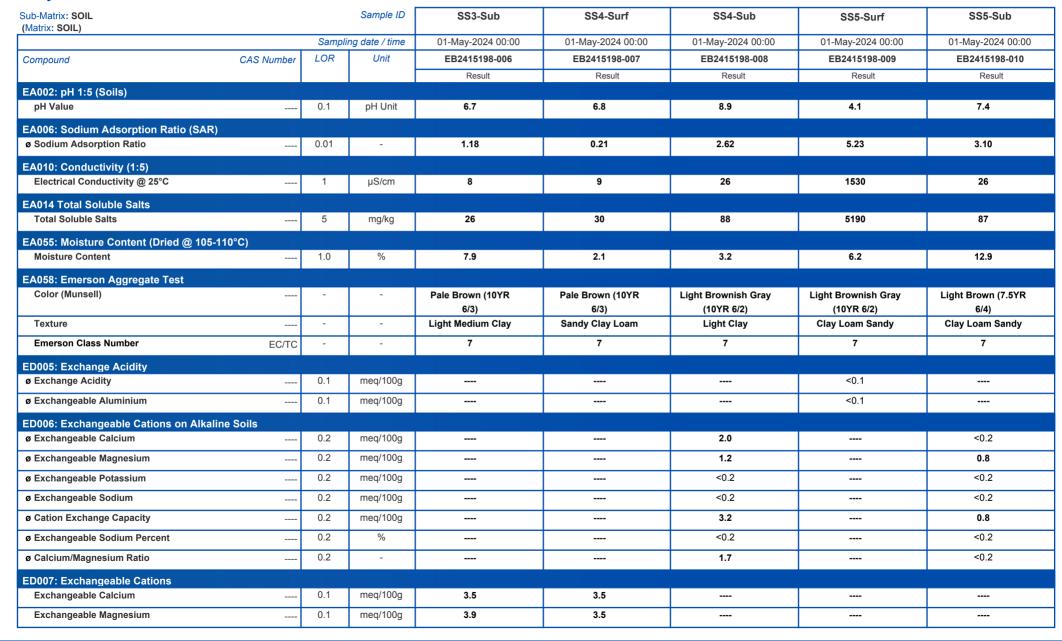




Page : 5 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : dcm soils

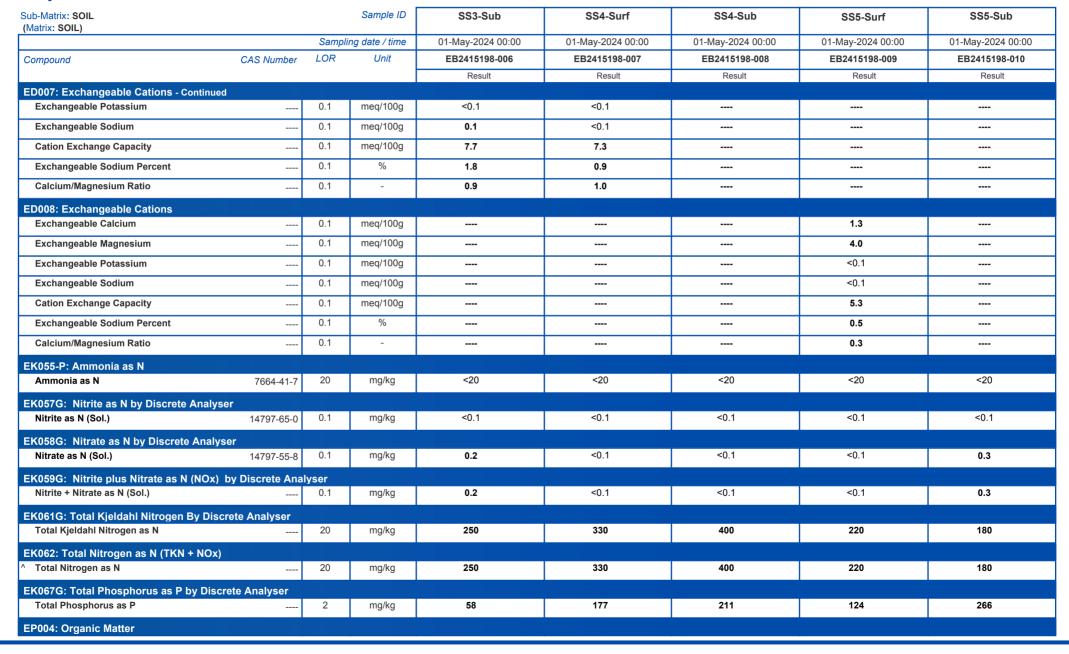




Page : 6 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : dcm soils

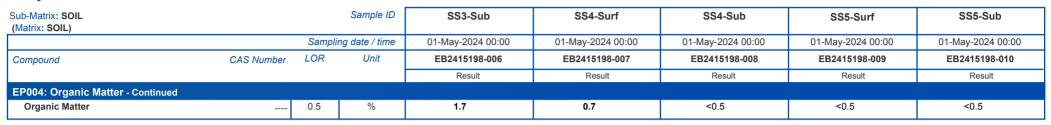




Page : 7 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : dcm soils

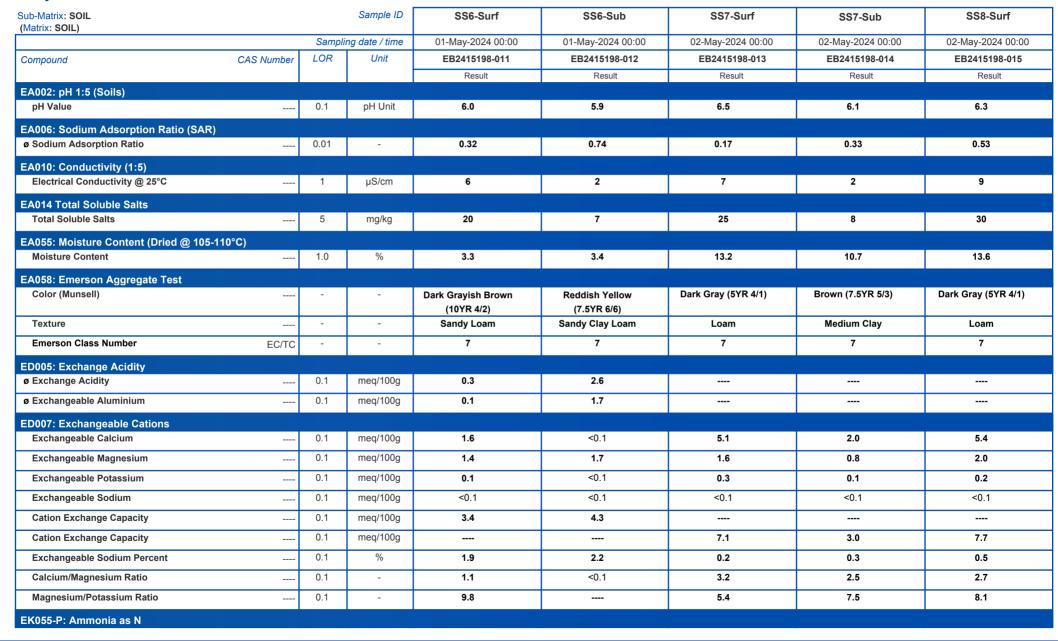




Page : 8 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

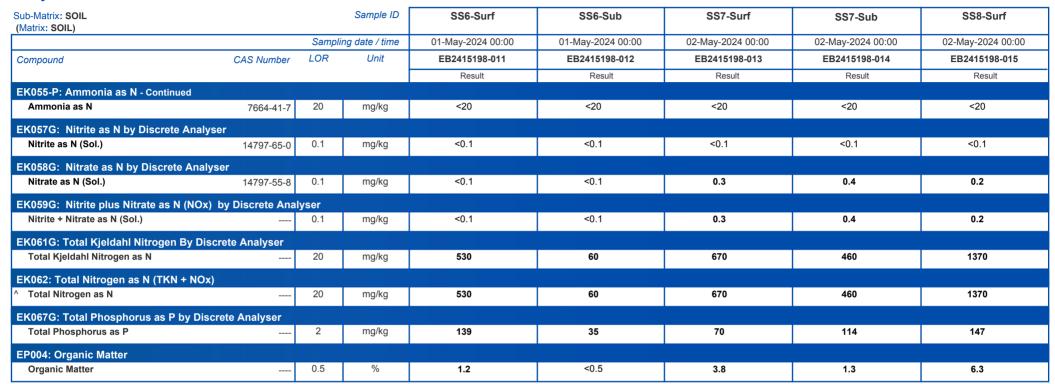
Project : dcm soils



Page : 9 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : dcm soils

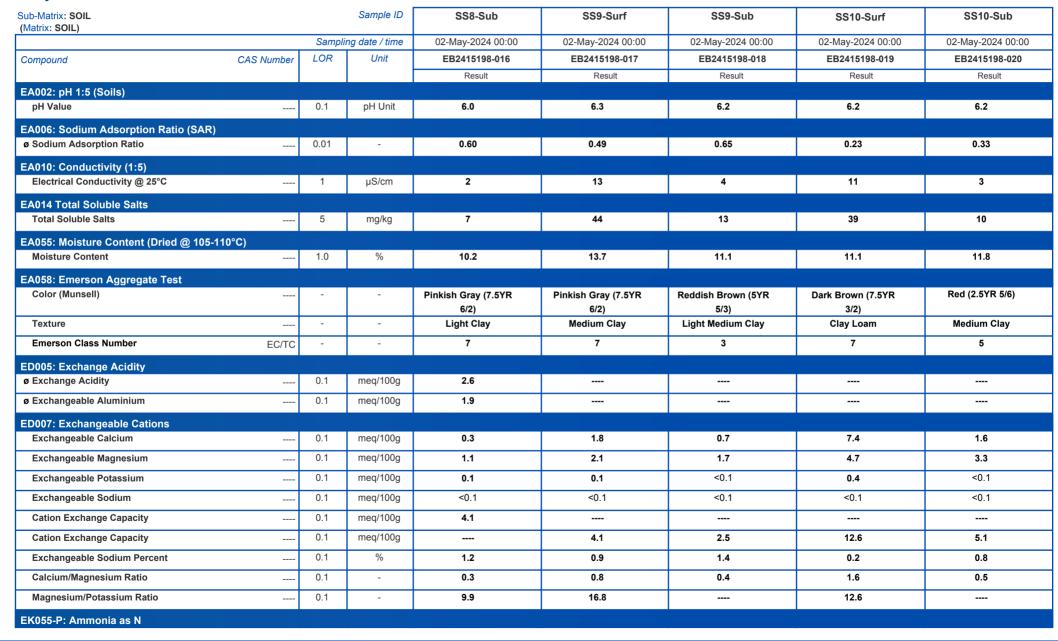




Page : 10 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : dcm soils

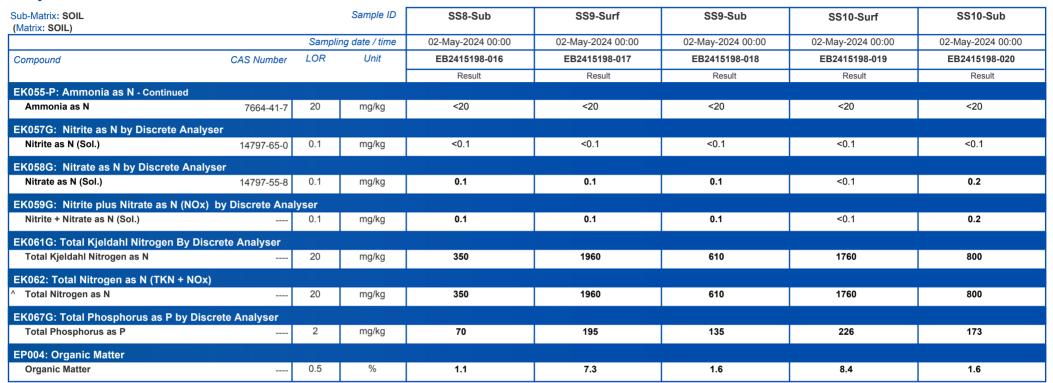




Page : 11 of 11 Work Order : EB2415198

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : dcm soils







CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : EB2525331

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Contact : MR BEN CUFF

Address : 188 ROSS RIVER ROAD

AITKENVALE QUEENSLAND 4812

Telephone : +61 07 47253751

Project : DCM ROM soils

Order number : ---C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : BEN CUFF

Site · ---

Quote number : EN/222

No. of samples received : 9
No. of samples analysed : 9

Page : 1 of 6

Laboratory : Environmental Division Brisbane

Contact : Stephanie Jimenez

Address : 2 Byth Street Stafford QLD Australia 4053

Telephone : +61-7-3552-8685

Date Samples Received : 23-Jul-2025 08:50

Date Analysis Commenced : 23-Jul-2025

Issue Date : 29-Jul-2025 12:27





Accreditation No. 825 Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, unless the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Kim McCabe	Senior Inorganic Chemist	Brisbane Acid Sulphate Soils, Stafford, QLD
Kim McCabe	Senior Inorganic Chemist	Brisbane Inorganics, Stafford, QLD
Kim McCabe	Senior Inorganic Chemist	Brisbane Soil Preparation, Stafford, QLD

Page : 2 of 6 Work Order : EB2525331

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : DCM ROM soils



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contract for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

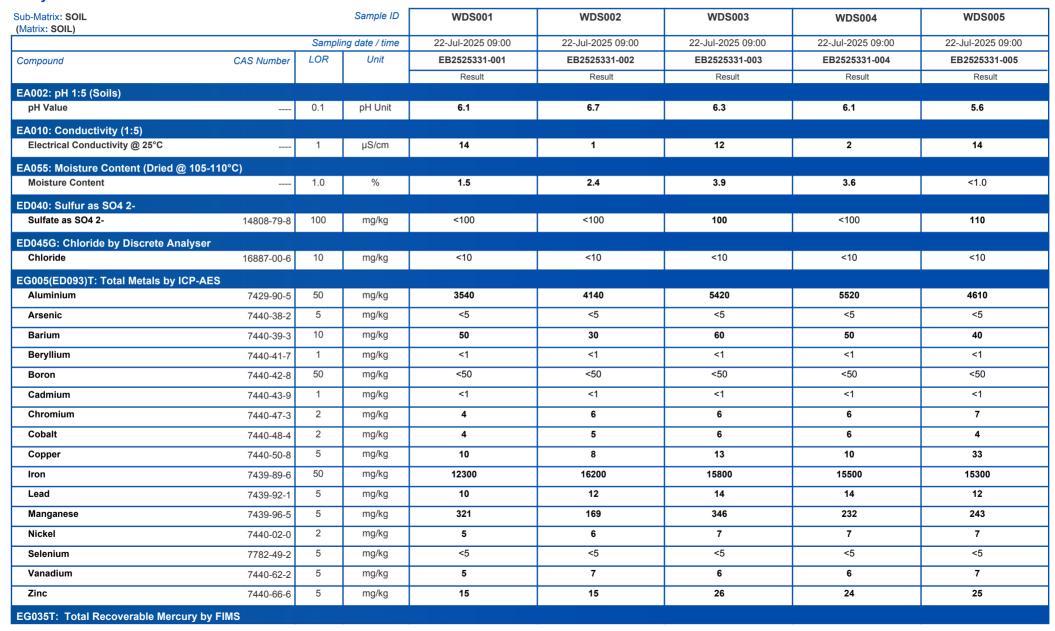
LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- ED045G: The presence of Thiocyanate, Thiosulfate and Sulfite can positively contribute to the chloride result, thereby may bias results higher than expected. Results should be scrutinised accordingly.

Page : 3 of 6 Work Order : EB2525331

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : DCM ROM soils



Page : 4 of 6
Work Order : EB2525331

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : DCM ROM soils

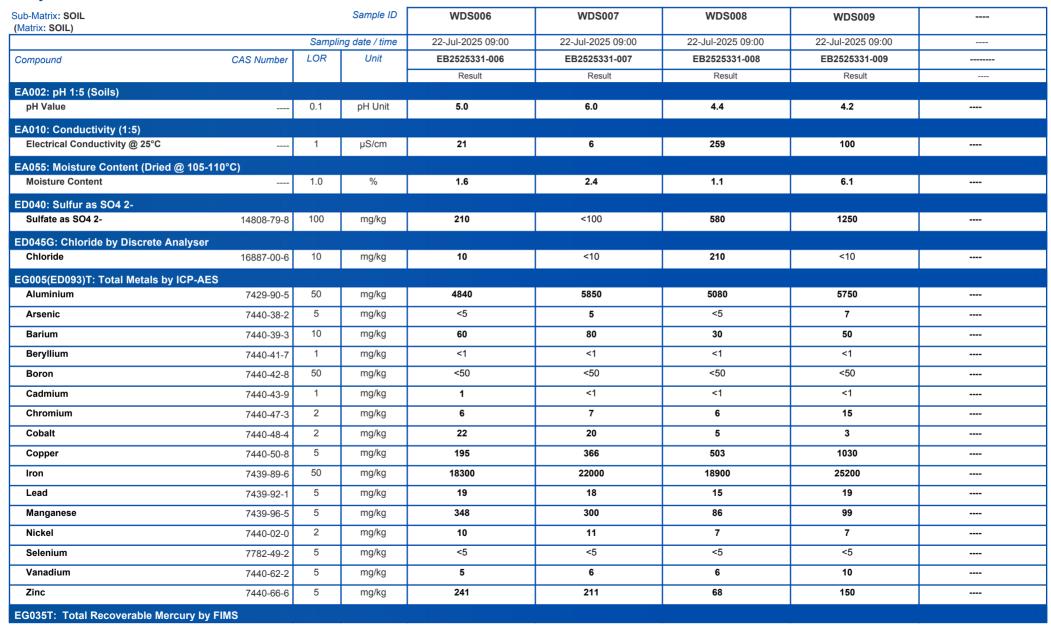




Page : 5 of 6 Work Order : EB2525331

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

Project : DCM ROM soils



Page : 6 of 6 Work Order : EB2525331

Client : C & R CONSULTING PTY LTD

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